Additional citations: MEXICO: Chihuahua: Henrickson 12920 (Id), 12973 (Id). Coahuila: Henrickson 12213 (Id), 112111 (Id); Johnston, Chiang, Wendt, & Henrickson 12130 (Id).

ADDITIONAL NOTES ON THE GENUS BURROUGHSIA. II

Harold N. Moldenke

BURROUGHSIA Moldenke

Additional bibliography: Rouleau, Guide Ind. Kew. 31. 1970; Hocking, Excerpt. Bot. A.26: 6. 1975; Moldenke, Biol. Abstr. 60: 68. 1975; Moldenke, Phytologia 30: 186—189. 1975.

BURROUGHSIA APPENDICULATA (Robinson & Greenm.) Moldenke

Additional bibliography: Hocking, Excerpt. Bot. A.26: 6. 1975; Moldenke, Biol. Abstr. 60: 68. 1975; Moldenke, Phytologia 30:

187-188. 1975.

Henrickson refers to this plant as an infrequent aromatic perennial and found it growing on flats and on slopes around lakes, at altitudes of 1030—1115 m., in association with Atriplex obovata, A. stewartii, Suaeda suffrutescens, Bouteloua, Croton, Dyssodia, Euphorbia, Gilia, Sporobolus, and many perennial herbs. He found it flowering in September. On his no. 14254 the corollas are said to have been "white-yellow, turning red in the center".

Additional citations: MEXICO: Coabuila: Henrickson 14254 (Id), 14273b (Id). San Luis Potosi: Pringle 4625 (Mu-1814-isotype).

BURROUGHSIA FASTIGIATA (T. S. Brandeg.) Moldenke

Additional bibliography: Hocking, Excerpt. Bot. A.26: 6. 1975; Moldenke, Biol. Abstr. 60: 68. 1975; Moldenke, Phytologia 30: 188—189. 1975.

A letter to me from Dr. George M. Hocking, dated February 11, 1976, informs me that "the true 'damiana'" of Mexico in the pharmaceutical trade is Turnera diffusa, not Burroughsia. Numerous collectors, have reported "damiana" as the name applied to

Burroughsia fastigiata in Mexico by natives in localities where it grows.

Gentry & Cech encountered this plant on the margins of a dry lake in the Yucca-cardon-Fouquieria plant association, at an altitude of 500-600 feet, flowering in March.

Additional citations: MEXICO: Baja California: Gentry & Cech

8809 (Sd-86505, W-281107h); Wiggins 15086 (Au-200386).